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E21-05

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Logging in to Dialog
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DIALOG INFORMATION SERVICES
PLEASE LOGON:
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Welcome to DIALOG
Dialog level 05.05.00D
Last logoff: 15jun05 13:09:40
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***CSA Technology Research Database (File 23)
***METADEX(r) (File 32)
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***German Patents Fulltext (File 324)
***Beilstein Abstracts (File 393)
***Beilstein Facts (File 390)
***Beilstein Reactions (File 391)
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***Canadian Business and Current Affairs (262)
***CorpTech (559)
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and Derwent Chemistry Resource (F355).
REMOVED
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***FDC Reports Gold Sheet/Silver Sheet (184)
***FDC Reports (186/187)
***NDA Pipeline: New Drugs (189)
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     >>> Enter BEGIN HOMEBASE for Dialog Announcements <<<
     >>> of new databases, price changes, etc.
* * *
SYSTEM: HOME
Cost is in DialUnits
Menu System II: D2 version 1.7.9 term=ASCII
                     *** DIALOG HOMEBASE(SM) Main Menu ***
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- 1. Announcements (new files, reloads, etc.)
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17jun05 08:40:34 User222475 Session D87.1

0.209 DialUnits FileHomeBase

- \$0.00 Estimated cost FileHomeBase
- \$0.00 Estimated cost this search
- \$0.00 Estimated total session cost 0.209 DialUnits

File 410:Chronolog(R) 1981-2005/Mar

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Set Items Description ____

? set hi ;set hi

HILIGHT set on as ''

HILIGHT set on as ''

? b foodsci

17jun05 08:40:52 User222475 Session D87.2 \$0.00 0.100 DialUnits File410

- \$0.00 Estimated cost File410
- \$0.08 TELNET
- \$0.08 Estimated cost this search
- \$0.08 Estimated total session cost 0.309 DialUnits

SYSTEM:OS - DIALOG OneSearch

5:Biosis Previews(R) 1969-2005/Jun W2 File

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File 6:NTIS 1964-2005/Jun W1

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File 10:AGRICOLA 70-2005/Jun

(c) format only 2005 The Dialog Corporation

File 50:CAB Abstracts 1972-2005/May

(c) 2005 CAB International

File 51:Food Sci.&Tech.Abs 1969-2005/Jun W2

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File 53:FOODLINE(R): Science Sight 1972-2005/Jun 13

(c) 2005 LFRA

File 65:Inside Conferences 1993-2005/Jun W2

(c) 2005 BLDSC all rts. reserv.

File 79: Foods Adlibra (TM) 1974-2002/Apr

(c) 2002 General Mills

*File 79: This file is closed (no updates)

File 94:JICST-EPlus 1985-2005/Apr W4

(c) 2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST)

File 98:General Sci Abs/Full-Text 1984-2004/Dec

(c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co.

File 99: Wilson Appl. Sci & Tech Abs 1983-2005/May

(c) 2005 The HW Wilson Co.

File 144: Pascal 1973-2005/Jun W1

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File 203:AGRIS 1974-2005/Feb
         Dist by NAL, Intl Copr. All rights reserved
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         Comp & dist by NTIS, Intl Copyright All Rights Res
  File 399:CA SEARCH(R) 1967-2005/UD=14225
         (c) 2005 American Chemical Society
*File 399: Use is subject to the terms of your user/customer agreement.
Alert feature enhanced for multiple files, etc. See HELP ALERT.
      Set Items Description
? s krill
     S1
           5713 KRILL
? s s1 and (protein or dense or myosin or precipitate)
           5713 S1
         4293131 PROTEIN
          160607 DENSE
           83959 MYOSIN
           38795 PRECIPITATE
           1127 S1 AND (PROTEIN OR DENSE OR MYOSIN OR PRECIPITATE)
      52
? s2 and liquid
Processing
Processed 10 of 15 files ...
Completed processing all files
        11339223 2
      2135917 LIQUID
S3 401284 2 AND LIQUID
? s s2 and liquid
            1127 S2
         2135917 LIQUID
      S4
           35 S2 AND LIQUID
? t s4/6/1-35
          (Item 1 from file: 5)
0015292123 BIOSIS NO.: 200500199188
Isolation of selenium organic species from antarctic krill after
  enzymatic hydrolysis
2005
 4/6/2
          (Item 2 from file: 5)
0014289914 BIOSIS NO.: 200300248633
Method and apparatus for harvesting, digestion and dehydrating of
  krill hydrolysates and co-drying and processing of such
  hydrolysates
2003
          (Item 3 from file: 5)
0009905170 BIOSIS NO.: 199598373003
Bacterial digestive enzyme activity in the stomach and hepatopancreas of
  Meganyctiphanes norvegica (M. Sars, 1857)
1995
           (Item 4 from file: 5)
0008246001 BIOSIS NO.: 199293088892
PURIFICATION AND PARTIAL CHARACTERIZATION OF A NOVEL HYALURONIC
  ACID-DEGRADING ENZYME FROM ANTARCTIC KRILL EUPHAUSIA-SUPERBA
1991
```

4/6/5 (Item 5 from file: 5)

BIOSIS NO.: 198988065975

0006750860

BIOCHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL PROFILE OF A NEW ENZYME PREPARATION FROM ANTARCTIC KRILL EUPHAUSIA-SUPERBA SUITABLE FOR DEBRIDEMENT OF ULCERATIVE LESIONS 1989 4/6/6 (Item 6 from file: 5) 0005235729 BIOSIS NO.: 198682082116 HEAT COAGULATION OF CENTRIFUGED AND DECANTED RAW KRILL MINCE 1986 (Item 7 from file: 5) 4/6/7 0004794877 BIOSIS NO.: 198580103772 PROCESSING OF INTERMEDIATE PRODUCT KRILL PASTE DERIVED FROM KRILL EUPHAUSIA-SUPERBA 1985 4/6/8 (Item 1 from file: 50) 0007891230 CAB Accession Number: 20001412953 Use of krill hydrolysate as a feed attractant for fish larvae and iuveniles. Publication Year: 2000 4/6/9 (Item 1 from file: 51) 00883106 2003-Rv0535 SUBFILE: FSTA Method and apparatus for harvesting, digestion and dehydrating of krill hydrolysates and co-drying and processing of such hydrolysates. 2003 4/6/10 (Item 2 from file: 51) 00876964 2003-Rv0277 SUBFILE: FSTA Method of obtaining thermoformed products using dense and liquid Antarctic krill fractions. 2003 4/6/11 (Item 3 from file: 51) 00865415 2002-Rv0694 SUBFILE: FSTA Method and apparatus for harvesting, digestion and dehydrating of krill hydrolysates and co-drying and processing of such hydrolysates. 2002 (Item 4 from file: 51) 00784384 1999-05-r0329 SUBFILE: FSTA Method and apparatus for processing krill hydrolysates. 4/6/13 (Item 5 from file: 51) 00271708 84-01-r0058 SUBFILE: FSTA (Characteristics of krill (Euphausia superba) and possibilities of its processing into food.) 1982 4/6/14 (Item 6 from file: 51)

Application of partial autoproteolysis to extraction of protein from Antarctic krill (Euphausia superba). Changes in and yield of

00271684 84-01-r0034 SUBFILE: FSTA

```
nitrogen substances during autoproteolysis of fresh and frozen krill.
 1982
  4/6/15
            (Item 7 from file: 51)
 00233918
            83-02-r0090 SUBFILE: FSTA
   (Preparation of a protein concentrate from marine raw material.)
   Verfahren zur Herstellung eines Eiweisskonzentrates aus Meeresrohware.
 1981
  4/6/16
            (Item 8 from file: 51)
           81-07-r0468 SUBFILE: FSTA
  Method for sterilizing, homogenizing and packaging protein
 containing food.
1980
  4/6/17
             (Item 9 from file: 51)
 00196920
            81-01-r0021 SUBFILE: FSTA
   (A method for estimation of the required current in the
 electrocoagulation of water soluble fish protein.)
            (Item 10 from file: 51)
  4/6/18
            80-02-r0062 SUBFILE: FSTA
 00181082
   (Spray dried protein concentrate from Antarctic krill cleaned
 by centrifuging.)
   Spruehgetrocknetes Proteinkonzentrat aus zentrifugalgereinigtem
 antarktischem Krill.
 1979
           (Item 11 from file: 51)
  4/6/19
 00175102
           79-10-r0633 SUBFILE: FSTA
   (Freezing process for production of textural protein food material
 from krill.)
 1978
            (Item 12 from file: 51)
  4/6/20
 00123823
           76-11-r0645 SUBFILE: FSTA
   (Modification of a Russian method for separation of heat-coagulated
protein from Antarctic krill.)
 1974
  4/6/21
            (Item 13 from file: 51)
 00088990 74-11-r0576 SUBFILE: FSTA
   (Method of obtaining an edible protein substance from small marine
 crustaceans.)
 1974
  4/6/22
             (Item 1 from file: 53)
           FOODLINE ACCESSION NUMBER: 637112
 01012892
 Method of obtaining thermoformed products using dense and
     liquid Antarctic krill fractions.
 PATENT: EP 1402789 A1
 PATENT: WO 03003857
  4/6/23
             (Item 2 from file: 53)
```

· 00965859 FOODLINE ACCESSION NUMBER: 606511

Method of obtaining thermoformed products using dense and liquid Antarctic krill fractions.

PATENT: WO 03003857 A1

4/6/24 (Item 1 from file: 79)

280083 97170011

DON'T TELL THE WHALE LOVERS Publication Date: 19971020

4/6/25 (Item 1 from file: 94)

03056771 JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 97A0201106 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E Studies on Processing of Antarctic Krill (Euphausia superba) (Part3). Inhibition of Protease Activity in Antarctic Krill (Euphausia

superba) by Aqueous Extract of Plant Foods., 1996

4/6/26 (Item 2 from file: 94)

00502068 JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 87A0528630 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E Studies on the mechanisms of fiber formation from antarctic **krill protein**., 1987

4/6/27 (Item 3 from file: 94)

00413275 JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 87A0242613 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E The spinnability of antarctic **krill** muscle proteins and the behavior of spinning dope., 1987

4/6/28 (Item 4 from file: 94)

00409564 JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 87A0229521 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E Purification of laminarinase from Antarctic **krill** Euphausia superba., 1987

4/6/29 (Item 1 from file: 98)

04759852 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BGSA02009852 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Feeding and energy budgets of Antarctic **krill** Euphausia superba at the onset of winter--I. Furcilia III larvae.

WORD COUNT: 7145 July 2002 (20020700)

4/6/30 (Item 2 from file: 98)

04755393 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BGSA02005393 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR FULLTEXT)

Mycosporine-like amino acids and related gadusols: biosynthesis, accumulation, and UV-protective functions in aquatic organisms. WORD COUNT: 18143

2002 (20020000)

4/6/31 (Item 3 from file: 98)

03051106 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BGSI95051106 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR

FULLTEXT)

Microbiology to 10,500 meters in the deep sea.

WORD COUNT: 14157

'95 (19950000)

4/6/32 (Item 4 from file: 98)

·03029672 H.W. WILSON RECORD NUMBER: BGSA95029672 (USE FORMAT 7 FOR

FULLTEXT)

The secret lives of krill.

WORD COUNT: 3835

Summer 1995 (19950600)

4/6/33 (Item 1 from file: 144) 17116378 PASCAL No.: 05-0183493

Isolation of selenium organic species from antarctic **krill** after enzymatic hydrolysis 2005

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4/6/34 (Item 2 from file: 144) 12209957 PASCAL No.: 95-0427742

Bacterial digestive enzyme activity in the stomach and hepatopancreas of Meganyctiphanes norvegica (M. Sars, 1857)
1995

4/6/35 (Item 1 from file: 399)
DIALOG(R)File 399:(c) 2005 American Chemical Society. All rts. reserv.

Method of obtaining thermoformed products using dense and liquid Antarctic krill fractions ? t s4/9/6,9,10,13,14,15,16,18,19,20,21,22,23,25,27,35

4/9/6 (Item 6 from file: 5)
DIALOG(R)File 5:Biosis Previews(R)
(c) 2005 BIOSIS. All rts. reserv.

0005235729 BIOSIS NO.: 198682082116

HEAT COAGULATION OF CENTRIFUGED AND DECANTED RAW KRILL MINCE

AUTHOR: KARL H (Reprint)

AUTHOR ADDRESS: INST FUER BIOCHEMIE UND TECHNOL, BUNDESFORSCHUNGSANSTALT FUER FISCHEREI, HAMBURG**WEST GERMANY

JOURNAL: Archiv fuer Fischereiwissenschaft 37 (1): p199-212 1986

ISSN: 0003-9063

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

ABSTRACT: The heat coagulation properties of centrifuged and decanted raw krill mince were investigated by means of a continuous operating heat exchanger plant and by a microwave pilot plant. Freshly prepared, centrifuged and decanted raw **krill** mince as coagulated in both plants to an elastic, crablike tasting product, liberating some liquid. The average solid-liquid proportion was 60:40 using the heat exchanger, and 68:32 applying the microwave plant. 80 to 95% of the fat, more than 86% of the raw protein and over 84% of the fluoride remained in the solid coagulate, referred to the centrifuged and decanted raw krill mince (average fluoride content 121 mg F-/kg dry matter). Storage of the mince up to 17 hours before processing reduced the solid yield and the sensoric quality of the coagulate. Lowering of the pH-value of the centrifuged and decanted raw krill mince to pH 6 and pH 5, the fluoride content remaining in the coagulates could be reduced to 60% (100 mg F-/kg dry matter), and to 36% (73 mg F-/kg), respectively. Coagulates from both plants had no proteolytic activity.

REGISTRY NUMBERS: 16984-48-8: FLUORIDE DESCRIPTORS: CHEMICAL CONTENT FLUORIDE SENSORIC QUALITY PH HEAT EXCHANGER

```
· PLANT MICROWAVE
DESCRIPTORS:
  MAJOR CONCEPTS: Foods
  BIOSYSTEMATIC NAMES: Malacostraca -- Crustacea, Arthropoda, Invertebrata,
  COMMON TAXONOMIC TERMS: Animals; Arthropods; Crustaceans; Invertebrates
  CHEMICALS & BIOCHEMICALS:
                              FLUORIDE
CONCEPT CODES:
  06504 Radiation biology - Radiation and isotope techniques
  10060 Biochemistry studies - General
  10064 Biochemistry studies - Proteins, peptides and amino acids
  10066 Biochemistry studies - Lipids
  10069 Biochemistry studies - Minerals
  10504 Biophysics - Methods and techniques
  10618 External effects - Temperature as a primary variable - hot
  10808 Enzymes - Physiological studies
  13522 Food technology - Fish and other marine and freshwater products
  13530 Food technology - Evaluations of physical and chemical properties
  13532 Food technology - Preparation, processing and storage
  20001 Sense organs - General and methods
BIOSYSTEMATIC CODES:
  75112 Malacostraca
 4/9/9
            (Item 1 from file: 51)
DIALOG(R) File 51: Food Sci. & Tech. Abs
 (c) 2005 FSTA IFIS Publishing. All rts. reserv.
00883106
           2003-Rv0535
                          SUBFILE: FSTA
  Method and apparatus for harvesting, digestion and dehydrating of
krill hydrolysates and co-drying and processing of such hydrolysates.
  Saxby, D. J.; Spence, J. A.; Saxby, G.; Aloise, P.
  Biozyme Systems Inc.
  PATENT CO.: United States Patent 2003
  PATENT NO.: US 6 555 155 B2
  NOTE: US 740004 (19961021) [Biozyme Systems, Vancouver, Canada]
  DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
  LANGUAGE: English
  A method and equipment to produce krill hydrolysates consists of:
adding a predetermined quantity of krill hydrolysate to a
predetermined quantity of dry carrier (with or without a predetermined
quantity of liquid marine protein); evaporating and drying the
mixture in steps in which relatively heavier particles separate from
lighter particles; and blending or grinding the mixture before chemical
reaction in a balance tank prior to entering a dryer (which consists of a
warm air source, a tower and a cyclone to dry the mixture). Temperature
sensitive enzymes or other bioactive products may be added to the product
produced from the dryer. A method to obtain the enzymes from a fresh
krill extract or an autolysed krill preparation and the
product, and a method to separate bound protein pigments from
crustacean waste using krill enzymes and a product produced using the
method, are also described.
  DESCRIPTORS (HEADINGS): CRUSTACEA; DRYING; ENZYMES; PATENTS; WASTES
```

4/9/10 (Item 2 from file: 51)
DIALOG(R)File 51:Food Sci.&Tech.Abs
(c) 2005 FSTA IFIS Publishing. All rts. reserv.

SECTION HEADINGS: Fish & marine products (SC=r)

DESCRIPTORS: KRILL

00876964 2003-Rv0277 SUBFILE: FSTA

Method of obtaining thermoformed products using dense and liquid Antarctic krill fractions.

```
Pivovarov, P. P.; Pivovarov, E. P.
  Angulas Aguinaga SA
  PATENT CO.: PCT International Patent Application 2003
  PATENT NO.: WO 03/003857 A1
  NOTE: ES 01-00263 (20010704) [Angulas Aguinaga, E-20270 Irura, Spain]
  DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
  LANGUAGE: Spanish SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English
  A method of producing thermoformed krill products involves:
separation of Antarctic krill into a liquid and a dense
fraction; mixing and homogenization of the 2 fractions; adding other
ingredients to the mixture (e.g. salt, carbohydrates and fats); and gelling
the fractions in moulds or a thermoextruder using a suitable heating
method.
  DESCRIPTORS (HEADINGS): CRUSTACEA; MOULDING; PATENTS
  DESCRIPTORS: KRILL
  SECTION HEADINGS: Fish & marine products (SC=r)
 4/9/13
            (Item 5 from file: 51)
DIALOG(R) File 51: Food Sci. & Tech. Abs
(c) 2005 FSTA IFIS Publishing. All rts. reserv.
           84-01-r0058
00271708
                         SUBFILE: FSTA
  (Characteristics of krill (Euphausia superba) and possibilities of
its processing into food.)
  Kolakowski, E.
  Inst. Tech. Zywnosci Pochodzenia Morskiego, Akad. Rolnicza, 70-550
Szczecin, Poland
  Przemysl Spozywczy 1982 , 36 (3) 88-92
  NOTE: 28 reference
  DOCUMENT TYPE: Review
  LANGUAGE: Polish SUMMARY LANGUAGE: Russian; English; French; German
  This review is mainly concerned with the very high F content of Antarctic
krill, predominantly located in the carapace, but passing appreciably
into the product in various procedures of converting krill into food.
The various methoos of carapace removal in krill processing are
considered. The partial autoproteolysis method of Kolakowski et al. (FSTA
       12 10R583 & 10R584) is considered best, being technically simple
and yielding a protein concentrate product virtually free from
carapace. Unpublished data are quoted showing that protein
concentrate obtained by drying precipitate from the separated
liquid fraction after such autolysis, and extracting it with a
mixture of isopropyl alcohol and water, contained only 70 mg F/kg DM.
  DESCRIPTORS: Crustacea--krill, carapace F & quality of, Review;
Crustacea--krill protein concentrates, autolysis manufacture
of, Review; Fluorides--krill, carapace F & quality of, Review; Fish
protein concentrates -- krill protein concentrates,
autolysis manufacture of, Review; Decomposition--krill protein
concentrates, autolysis manufacture of, Review; Reviews--krill
protein concentrates, autolysis manufacture of
 SECTION HEADINGS: Fish & marine products (SC=r)
 4/9/14
            (Item 6 from file: 51)
DIALOG(R) File 51: Food Sci. & Tech. Abs
(c) 2005 FSTA IFIS Publishing. All rts. reserv.
           84-01-r0034
                         SUBFILE: FSTA
  Application of partial autoproteolysis to extraction of protein
from Antarctic krill (Euphausia superba). Changes in and yield of
nitrogen substances during autoproteolysis of fresh and frozen krill.
  Kolakowski, E.; Lachowicz, K.
```

Acad. of Agric., Inst. of Marine Food Tech., Szczecin, Poland

```
Nahrung 1982 , 26 (10) 933-939
  NOTE: 9 reference
  DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal Article
  LANGUAGE: English SUMMARY LANGUAGE: German; Russian
  Comparative studies were conducted on preparation of protein
isolate from (i) fresh krill or (ii) frozen krill stored for 10
months at -10 DEGREE C. Samples of krill were subjected to
autoproteolysis in water for 90 min at temperature over the range 10-60 DEGREE
C, and the autoproteolysate was separated and fractionated (into
liquid, semi-liquid and solid fractions) by centrifugation.
Viscosity was evaluated, and protein and N fractions were determined.
Tables and graphs of results are given. Maximum protein yield was
achieved with proteolysis at 20 DEGREE C for both (i) and (ii). % solids
in the autoproteolysate increased with increasing temperature, especially for
(i). At low autoproteolysis temperature, (i) showed higher proteolytic activity
than (ii), this difference being reflected in differences in viscosity and
N fraction concentration Regression equations relating autoproteolysis temperature
the range 10-40 DEGREE C) to tyrosine and amino acid N concentration are
logarithmic for (i), exponential for (ii). For (i), yields of most
protein fractions decreased at autoproteolysis temperature GREATER THAN 40
DEGREE C; for (ii) yields of most fractions increased over the range 40-60
DEGREE C.
            (AJDW)
  DESCRIPTORS: Proteolysis--krill protein isolates,
autoproteolysis & quality of; Crustacea--krill protein
isolates, autoproteolysis & quality of; Fish protein concentrates --
krill protein isolates, autoproteolysis & quality of; Frozen
foods--krill protein isolates, autoproteolysis & quality of
frozen
  SECTION HEADINGS: Fish & marine products (SC=r)
 4/9/15
            (Item 7 from file: 51)
DIALOG(R) File 51: Food Sci. & Tech. Abs
(c) 2005 FSTA IFIS Publishing. All rts. reserv.
00233918
           83-02-r0090
                         SUBFILE: FSTA
  (Preparation of a protein concentrate from marine raw material.)
  Verfahren zur Herstellung eines Eiweisskonzentrates aus Meeresrohware.
  Mohnke, H.; Fratzscher, F.; Genentz, A.; Bykow, V.((Bykov, V.));
Lagunow((Lagunov)), L. L.; Kriwoscheina((Krivosheina)), L. I.
  Bykov, V.; Lagunov, L. L.; Krivosheina, L. I.
  PATENT CO.: German Democratic Republic Patent
  PATENT NO.: 152 672
  DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
  LANGUAGE: German
  Raw material (krill or fish) is pressed through a sieve to remove
shells or bones (sieve hole size 0.8-1.2 mm for krill, 4-5 mm for
fish). The resulting material is cooked and sterilized, then separated into
solid and liquid components in a centrifuge or press. The solids are
gently dried in a drum-type drier. 14.1 t krill gives 1.47 t
protein concentrate (protein content 77%); 12 t hake give 0.93
t protein concentrate (protein content 86.3%). (IN)
  DESCRIPTORS: Fish protein concentrates -- FPC, krill processing
for, Patent; Fish protein concentrates -- FPC, fish processing for,
Patent; Crustacea -- FPC, krill processing for, Patent; Fish -- FPC, fish
processing for, Patent
  SECTION HEADINGS: Fish & marine products (SC=r)
            (Item 8 from file: 51)
```

DIALOG(R) File 51: Food Sci. & Tech. Abs

(c) 2005 FSTA IFIS Publishing. All rts. reserv.

.00205558 81-07-r0468 SUBFILE: FSTA Method for sterilizing, homogenizing and packaging protein containing food. Monaco, J. R.; Rausing, H. A. Tetra Pak Developpement SA PATENT CO.: United States Patent 1980 PATENT NO.: 4 233 320 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: English Processing, sterilization and packaging of a food product are described, starting from a raw material basically consisting of krill, to give a protein rich food product with good taste, consistency, structure, preparing abilities and keeping properties. Method involves breaking down the whole krill into small particles, sterilization of the broken down krill, cooling and grinding the sterilized product into liquid or semi-liquid form and packaging the liquid substance under aseptic conditions, the liquid substance being solidified in the aseptic packages. (RAW) DESCRIPTORS: Packaging--krill products, manufacture of packaged sterilized, Patent; Crustacea--krill products, manufacture of packaged sterilized, Patent SECTION HEADINGS: Fish & marine products (SC=r) 4/9/18 (Item 10 from file: 51) DIALOG(R) File 51: Food Sci. & Tech. Abs (c) 2005 FSTA IFIS Publishing. All rts. reserv. 00181082 80-02-r0062 SUBFILE: FSTA (Spray dried protein concentrate from Antarctic krill cleaned by centrifuging.) Spruehgetrocknetes Proteinkonzentrat aus zentrifugalgereinigtem antarktischem Krill. Flechtenmacher, W.; Wanke, W. Inst. fuer Biochem. & Tech., Bundesforschungsanstalt fuer Fischerei, Palmaille 9, D-2000 Hamburg 50, Federal Republic of Germany Lebensmittel-Wissenschaft und -Technologie 1979 , 12 (4) 194-198 6 reference DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal Article LANGUAGE: German SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English In trials of spray-drying of raw materials from freshly caught Antarctic krill (Euphausia superba Dana), cleaned by centrifuging off the liquid content of the intestinal organs unwanted in food processing, the sensory quality of the powder was tested immediately after drying. The centrifuged material gave better results compared to uncentrifuged material from the same haul; as well as spray-dried powder from raw krill, the improvement by centrifuging was also noticeable in spray-dried powder prepared from steamed, cooked krill. (AS) DESCRIPTORS: Centrifugation--krill protein concentrates, centrifugation cleaning & spray-drying of Antarctic; Cleaning--krill protein concentrates, centrifugation cleaning & spray-drying of Antarctic; Spray-drying--krill protein concentrates, centrifugation cleaning & spray-drying of Antarctic; Crustacea--krill protein concentrates, centrifugation cleaning & spray-drying of Antarctic; Protein products--krill protein concentrates, centrifugation cleaning & spray-drying of Antarctic SECTION HEADINGS: Fish & marine products (SC=r)

4/9/19 (Item 11 from file: 51)
DIALOG(R)File 51:Food Sci.&Tech.Abs
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00175102 79-10-r0633 SUBFILE: FSTA

(Freezing process for production of textural protein food material from krill.) Noguchi, A.; Sannomiya, N.; Umeda, K.; Kimura, S. Resource Util. Laboratory, Dep. of Food English, Nat. Food Res. Inst., Tokyo, Journal of the Agricultural Chemical Society of Japan (Nihon Nogei Kagakkai-shi) 1978 , 52 (11) 545-547 NOTE: 7 reference DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal Article LANGUAGE: Japanese SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English A freeze-denaturation process, akin to that used for koridofu (iced bean curd) was tested for its applicability to production of a textured food protein from krill. Krill flesh was mixed uniformly in a homogenizer or a kneader, and centrifuged. The precipitate was resuspended in the same volume of water and frozen at -7.5 DEGREE to -15 DEGREE C, pH 7.0. Addition of Na+ or Ca+ salts, pH adjustment to pH GREATER THAN OR EQUAL 10 before return to neutral pH, and aerobic conditions strengthened the product, but supernatant liquid presence, peroxide addition and anaerobic conditions had an opposite effect. N-ethylmaleimide modification showed that modification of protein -SH residues played a major role in the freeze-denaturation, as it does in koridofu production. (From En summ.) (JRR) DESCRIPTORS: Freezing--krill proteins, freeze-denaturation of textured; Denaturation--krill proteins, freeze-denaturation of textured; Crustacea--krill proteins, freeze-denaturation of textured; Protein products -- krill proteins, freeze-denaturation of textured SECTION HEADINGS: Fish & marine products (SC=r) 4/9/20 (Item 12 from file: 51) DIALOG(R) File 51: Food Sci. & Tech. Abs (c) 2005 FSTA IFIS Publishing. All rts. reserv. 76-11-r0645 SUBFILE: FSTA 00123823 (Modification of a Russian method for separation of heat-coagulated protein from Antarctic krill.) Yanase, M. Bulletin of the Tokai Regional Fisheries Research Laboratory (Tokai-ku Suisan Kenkyusho Kenkyu Hokoku) 1974 , Number 78, 79-84 NOTE: 5 reference DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal Article LANGUAGE: Japanese SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English A modified version of a Russian method for preparation of heat-coaqulated krill protein is described. Frozen krill are autolysed with an equal volume of water for 2 h at 45 DEGREE C, and pressed to separate the solid residue from the liquid. The liquid fraction is then heated at 95 DEGREE C for 15 min to coagulate the proteins, and centrifuged to separate the protein from the remaining extract. Yields of residue, protein fraction and extract were 10.4, 40.3 and 45% respectively; corresponding values for a non-autolysed sample were 70.3, 9.0 and 16.5% respectively. Data are given for DM, protein, fat and ash concentration and N distribution in the 3 fractions from krill samples autolysed for 0, 1, 2, 3, or 4 h. (From En summ.) (AJDW) DESCRIPTORS: Proteins (unconventional) -- krill proteins, manufacture of heat coagulated; Krill--manufacture of heat coagulated krill

4/9/21 (Item 13 from file: 51)
DIALOG(R)File 51:Food Sci.&Tech.Abs
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SECTION HEADINGS: Fish & marine products (SC=r)

proteins; Heating--krill proteins, manufacture of heat coagulated

74-11-r0576 SUBFILE: FSTA ,00088990 (Method of obtaining an edible protein substance from small marine crustaceans.) Kirpichnikov, V. P.; Nektrutman, S. V.; Sumenkov, B. I. Union of Soviet Socialist Republics --, Moskovskii Institut Narodnogo Khozyaistva im. G. V. Plekhanova PATENT CO.: USSR Patent 1974 PATENT NO.: 426 648 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent LANGUAGE: Russian Crustaceans, e.g. krill, are comminuted and pressed, then the resultant liquid is heated to coagulate the protein, which is separated off. In order to provide more complete extraction of the liquid, to reduce chitin content and to accelerate the process, the comminuted mass is treated with an electromagnetic field of high or super-high frequency, e.g. 2375-2450 MHz, preferably at LESS THAN OR EQUAL 36-40 DEGREE C. (W&Co) DESCRIPTORS: crustacea--protein extraction from small crustaceans , Patent; extraction--crustaceans, extraction of **protein** from, Patent; proteins (unconventional) -- crustaceans, extraction of protein from, Patent; microwaves--crustacean protein product, microwave treatment of, Patent SECTION HEADINGS: Fish & marine products (SC=r) 4/9/22 (Item 1 from file: 53) DIALOG(R)File 53:FOODLINE(R): Science Sight (c) 2005 LFRA. All rts. reserv. FOODLINE ACCESSION NUMBER: 637112 01012892 Method of obtaining thermoformed products using dense and liquid Antarctic krill fractions. Pivovarov P P; Pivovarov E P PATENT ASSIGNEE: Angulas Aguinaga SA PATENT: EP 1402789 A1 PATENT: WO 03003857 APPLICATION COUNTRY: ES (DATE(S):4.7.2001) PRIORITY APPLICATION DATE: 4.7.2002 DESIGNATED STATES: See published patent document for Designated Contracting States.LANGUAGE: Spanish SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent FOODLINE UPDATE CODE: 20040506 ABSTRACT: A process for producing thermoformed food products of high nutritional value is disclosed, in which Antarctic krill are separated into a liquid fraction and a dense (or solid) edible fraction, which preserve the proteins, nutrients and other useful compounds present in the krill. The fractions are mixed and homogenized, with the addition of ingredients such as salt, carbohydrates and fats. The mixture is then placed in moulds or an extruder and is heat-treated to obtain a gelled product. SECTION HEADING: PROTEINS DESCRIPTORS: CRUSTACEANS; EUROPEAN PATENT; INCREASE; KRILL PRODUCTS; NUTRITIONAL VALUE; PATENT; PRODUCTION; SEAFOOD PRODUCTS; SEAFOODS: SHELLFISH (Item 2 from file: 53) DIALOG(R) File 53: FOODLINE(R): Science Sight (c) 2005 LFRA. All rts. reserv.

00965859 FOODLINE ACCESSION NUMBER: 606511 Method of obtaining thermoformed products using dense and

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liquid Antarctic krill fractions.
Pivovarov P P; Pivovarov E P
PATENT ASSIGNEE: Angulas Aguinaga SA
PATENT: WO 03003857 A1
APPLICATION COUNTRY: ES (DATE(S):4.7.2001)
PRIORITY APPLICATION DATE: 4.7.2002
DESIGNATED STATES:
    SeepublishedpatentdocumentforDesignatedContractingStates.
LANGUAGE: Spanish
SUMMARY LANGUAGE: English
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
FOODLINE UPDATE CODE: 20030328
ABSTRACT: A process for producing thermoformed food products of high
    nutritional value is disclosed, in which Antarctic krill are
    separated into a liquid fraction and a dense (or solid)
    edible fraction, which preserve the proteins, nutrients and other
    useful compounds present in the krill. The fractions are mixed
    and homogenized, with the addition of ingredients such as salt,
    carbohydrates and fats. The mixture is then placed in moulds or an
    extruder and is heat-treated to obtain a gelled product.
SECTION HEADING: PROTEINS
DESCRIPTORS: CRUSTACEANS; INCREASE; KRILL PRODUCTS; NUTRITIONAL
    VALUE; PATENT; PCT PATENT; PRODUCTION; SEAFOOD PRODUCTS; SHELLFISH
 4/9/25
            (Item 1 from file: 94)
DIALOG(R) File 94: JICST-EPlus
(c) 2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST). All rts. reserv.
          JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 97A0201106 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E
Studies on Processing of Antarctic Krill (Euphausia superba) (Part3).
    Inhibition of Protease Activity in Antarctic Krill (Euphausia
    superba) by Aqueous Extract of Plant Foods.
NAKAGAWA SADATO (1); MAESHIGE SHIZUHIKO (1)
(1) Hiroshima Prefect. Food Technol. Res. Center
Hiroshima Kenritsu Shokuhin Kogyo Gijutsu Senta Kenkyu Hokoku(Bulletin of
    Hiroshima Prefectural Food Technological Research Center), 1996, NO.21
, PAGE.35-38, FIG.1, TBL.1, REF.7
JOURNAL NUMBER: F0654ACK
                           ISSN NO: 0911-0801
UNIVERSAL DECIMAL CLASSIFICATION: 637.56+664.95
LANGUAGE: Japanese
                           COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
ARTICLE TYPE: Short Communication
MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication
ABSTRACT: For control of aging of salted and fermented Antarctic
    krill, i. e., okiami-no-shiokara, inhibitory effect of the
    extracts from 24 edible plants on the protease activity in Antarctic
    krill was studied. The inhibitory effect on the activity of crude
    enzyme from raw krill (assayed by the casein-275nm absorption
    method) was in order of lotus>leek>garlic. IMAGE.burdock>tomato>potato.
    IMAGE cabbage. The specific inhibitory effect was in order of
    parsley>tomato>leek. IMAGE.lotus>burdock>cabbage>Japanese
    radish>Japanese eggplant. The inhibitory effect of Leguminosae plant
    extracts could not be estimated owing to turbidity of the filtrates.
    The krill protease activity was found to be significantry
    inhibited by the extracts of potato, Japanese eggplant, carrot,
    soybean, kidney bean, adzuki bean, and sweet potato, on the basis of
    the amino acid nitrogen amount liberated from the okiami-no-shiokara in
    the course of the aging. (author abst.)
DESCRIPTORS: Euphausiacea; shiokara; peptide hydrolase; extraction
    liquid; vegetable; enzyme inhibition; casein; enzymatic
    degradation; amino nitrogen; functional food; food processing
BROADER DESCRIPTORS: Malacostraca; Crustacea; Arthropoda; invertebrate;
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animal; aquatic food; food; aquatic product; pickled product; hydrolase

; enzyme; garden crop; crop(agriculture); agricultural food; enzyme regulation; adjustment; inhibition; milk protein; animal protein; protein; phosphoprotein; enzyme availed reaction; reaction; decomposition; organic nitrogen; nitrogen form; element form; nutrition modified food; working and processing CLASSIFICATION CODE(S): FJ13020C 4/9/27 (Item 3 from file: 94) DIALOG(R) File 94: JICST-EPlus (c) 2005 Japan Science and Tech Corp(JST). All rts. reserv. JICST ACCESSION NUMBER: 87A0242613 FILE SEGMENT: JICST-E The spinnability of antarctic krill muscle proteins and the behavior of spinning dope. CHANG H M (1); HAYAKAWA I (1); SHINOHARA K (1); OMURA H (1); HOSHI M (2); SASAMOTO Y (2); NONAKA M (2) (1) Kyushu University, Fukuka, JPN; (2) Taiyo Fishery Co., Ltd., Tokyo, JPN Nippon Shokuhin Kogyo Gakkaishi (Journal of Japanese Society of Food Science and Technology), 1987, VOL.34, NO.3, PAGE.197-202, FIG.6, REF.20 ISSN NO: 0029-0394 JOURNAL NUMBER: F0895AAX CODEN: NSKGA UNIVERSAL DECIMAL CLASSIFICATION: 637.56+664.95 LANGUAGE: English COUNTRY OF PUBLICATION: Japan DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal ARTICLE TYPE: Original paper MEDIA TYPE: Printed Publication ABSTRACT: Denaturation and hydrolysis of proteins occur easily during the preparation of dope from antarctic krill (Euphausia superba) muscle proteins thus it is hard to obtain the homogenous spun fiber products. Heat generated during the mixing process of spinning dope enhances the denaturation and hydrolysis. In order to find out the most adequate approach to prepare spinning dope, the relationships between the spinnability and the major subunit contents of antarctic krill muscle proteins in various spinning dopes were studied with SDS-polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis and gel filtration. Dope which showed good spinnabilily was prepared optimum at 48.DEG.C during the mixing process and the most adequate concentration of NaOH was found to be 0.4% (w/w). The elution pattern of raw antarctic krill muscle proteins showed 3 peaks, but it was apparently altered by Na-alginate or K-carrageenan. Results showed that there was a complex formation between antarctic krill muscle proteins and anionic polysaccharides as they were homogenized during the mixing ' process.(author abst.) DESCRIPTORS: Euphausiacea; aquatic food; processed protein; muscle protein; seafood processing; spinning(fiber); solution(liquid) BROADER DESCRIPTORS: Malacostraca; Crustacea; Arthropoda; invertebrate; animal; food; aquatic product; protein; animal protein; food processing; working and processing; liquid CLASSIFICATION CODE(S): FJ13020C 4/9/35 (Item 1 from file: 399) DIALOG(R) File 399:CA SEARCH(R) (c) 2005 American Chemical Society. All rts. reserv. 138072308 · CA: 138(6)72308x PATENT Method of obtaining thermoformed products using dense and liquid Antarctic krill fractions INVENTOR (AUTHOR): Pivovarov, Pavel Petrovich; Pivovarov, Eugeniv Pavlovich LOCATION: Spain, ASSIGNEE: Angulas Aguinaga, S.A.

PATENT: PCT International; WO 200303857 Al DATE: 20030116

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APPLICATION: WO 2002ES333 (20020704) *ES 200100263 (20010704)
  PAGES: 20 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2 LANGUAGE: Spanish CLASS: A23L-001/33
  DESIGNATED COUNTRIES: AE; AG; AL; AM; AT; AU; AZ; BA; BB; BG; BR; BY; BZ;
CA; CH; CN; CO; CR; CU; CZ; DE; DK; DM; DZ; EC; EE; ES; FI; GB; GD; GE; GH;
GM; HR; HU; ID; IL; IN; IS; JP; KE; KG; KP; KR; KZ; LC; LK; LR; LS; LT; LU;
LV; MA; MD; MG; MK; MN; MW; MX; MZ; NO; NZ; OM; PH; PL; PT; RO
  DESIGNATED REGIONAL: GH; GM; KE; LS; MW; MZ; SD; SL; SZ; TZ; UG; ZM; ZW;
AT; BE; BG; CH; CY; CZ; DE; DK; EE; ES; FI; FR; GB; GR; IE; IT; LU; MC; NL;
PT; SE; SK; TR; BF; BJ; CF; CG; CI; CM; GA; GN; GQ; GW; ML; MR; NE; SN; TD;
  SECTION:
CA217007 Food and Feed Chemistry
  IDENTIFIERS: krill gelation extrusion thermoforming
  DESCRIPTORS:
Cooking...
    extrusion; thermoformed products from Antarctic krill fractions
Seafood... Krill... Carbohydrates, biological studies... Wheat flour...
Flours and Meals... Proteins... Vitamins... Stabilizing agents... Egg white
... Food gelling...
    thermoformed products from Antarctic krill fractions
Fats and Glyceridic oils, biological studies...
    vegetable; thermoformed products from Antarctic krill fractions
  CAS REGISTRY NUMBERS:
9005-25-8 7647-14-5 biological studies, thermoformed products from
    Antarctic krill fractions
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               $2.00 1 Type(s) in Format
            $2.00 8 Types
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               $0.00 13 Type(s) in Format
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            $0.37
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\$0.00 4 Types

\$0.37 Estimated cost File98 \$0.17 0.040 DialUnits File99 \$0.17 Estimated cost File99 \$3.14 0.698 DialUnits File144 \$0.00 2 Type(s) in Format 6 \$0.00 2 Types Estimated cost File144 \$3.14 \$0.15 0.061 DialUnits File203 \$0.15 Estimated cost File203 \$0.17 0.047 DialUnits File266 \$0.17 Estimated cost File266 \$8.78 0.700 DialUnits File399 \$0.55 1 Type(s) in Format 6 \$2.75 1 Type(s) in Format 9 \$3.30 2 Types \$12.08 Estimated cost File399 OneSearch, 15 files, 3.285 DialUnits FileOS \$53.07 Estimated cost this search \$53.15 Estimated total session cost 3.594 DialUnits Logoff: level 05.05.00 D 08:48:13